Greetings!

2017 State of Metropolitan Housing Report officially released

Download the report here.

The 2017 SMHR was released on Tuesday, December 12th, and it examines nine indicators of fair and affordable housing progress in the 13 county Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). In addition to the nine measures, this year’s report focus is The State of Affordable Rental in the Louisville Region.

Focus Topic of SMHR

MHC needs YOU! Your membership advances safe, fair, and affordable housing for our community!

Join MHC or Renew Your Membership Today!

Each new member and every donation makes possible MHC’s critical work for our community.

Become a recurring monthly donor for as little as $1 per month to provide ongoing support of MHC’s work or consider gift to MHC in the name of a loved one.

Contact Michael Kolodziej at michael@metropolitanhousing.org or 502 584-6858 regarding donations & gifts.

To make an online donation, visit us on the web at www.metropolitanhousing.org or Mail your donation to: Metropolitan Housing Coalition P.O. Box 4533
More people in the region are renting. Between 2010-2015, the percentage of renter occupied units increased by 9.3%. Additionally, an increasing number of higher income people are renting. Since 2006, the percentage of renters that are upper income increased by 4.2% and now stands at 16.1%.

Renters in the region are increasingly rent-burdened, especially low-income renters. Very low-income households are the most cost-burdened across the MSA.

Louisville’s eviction rate, 5.3%, is the seventh highest of the largest fifty Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

There is a gap in available affordable rental units of about 24,000 across the MSA, for households earning less than $20,000.

Our rental market continues to be racially segregated across the MSA. While renter households are more likely to be white than black or people of color, a higher proportion of blacks or African-American households rent. However, there are also counties in the region in which there are no black or African-American households who rent.

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Map 1: Share of Low-Income Renter Households that are Cost-Burdened* by Census Tracts – Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area (KY-IN MSA) 2015 ACS 5-Year Estimates

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*Low-income households earn less than $20,000 in the past 12 months. Cost burdened households pay more than 30 percent of income on housing.


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Legal Aid is offering free legal clinics

Expungement Self-Help Clinic

Clients are given advice and help with filing the forms necessary to expunge criminal convictions. Attorneys will be on hand to review completed expungement forms.

Tuesday, Dec 19 at 9:30 am

Legal Aid Office

416 W. Muhammad Ali Blvd

Reservations are required. Call 502.584.1254

$40 fee to obtain official Kentucky State Police Record

Coalition for the Homeless’ Give a Jam to End Homelessness

Give-A-Jam brings together dozens of talented local musicians, soups and stews crafted by eight of Louisville’s best restaurants, and silent auction items donated by skilled local artists.
Data in the 2017 Report includes:

- Louisville Metro continues to segregate by race, having a disability, being a female headed household with children and/or being Hispanic/Latinx.
- 38.68% of the workforce does not earn a wage that would support the rent of a modest two bedroom apartment in the Louisville MSA.
- Housing Affordability (ownership) measures show that 82 percent of owner occupied households earning between $20,000 and $34,999 have excessive shelter costs and close to half of those earning between $35,000 and $49,999 are in the same situation.

Some of MHC's recommendations from the report:

- All planning processes recognize the increase in need for affordable housing and for a city that is accessible everywhere.
- Policies that demand inclusion of affordable housing whenever the city confers a benefit.
- Incentives for producing affordable housing and housing that is accessible.
- Establish short-term low-interest loans for those in danger of eviction.
- Programs that help low-income home owners repair and maintain their homes.
MHC Executive Director Cathy Hinko sees the Report as an aid for our Comprehensive Plan going out to 2040. "As we are envisioning our built environment for the next twenty years through the Comprehensive Plan, Louisville needs to acknowledge that past zoning, policies, incentives and benefits to developers only increased segregation and aggressively counter past practices to create housing for those with low wages or fixed incomes throughout Jefferson County. Since we know what has NOT worked, to continue on the same path is a form of lazy racism and discrimination against fair housing protected classes.

Further, the entire metro area has seen an increase in renters and we need to value all households, not refer to renters as 'nuisances' that must be 'abated' as we currently do in our Comprehensive Plan."

The 2017 SMHR was made possible by the generous support of [Louisville Metro Government](#), [PNC Bank](#), [Gannett Foundation](#), the [Lexington Fair Housing Council](#), and [University of Louisville's Cooperative Consortium for Transdisciplinary Social Justice Research](#).

**MHC at Work in 2017 to 2018 and beyond**

It has been another exciting year. MHC is involved with many projects that will take us into 2018. We would like your help and support in all
• The Comprehensive Plan is coming out of the public input process with a strong housing component dealing with fair and affordable housing. In a short time, it will be before Louisville Metro Council, and we need to protect the housing component!

• MHC is staying involved with the zoning case that prohibited apartments for lower income seniors in east Jefferson County. A fair housing case was filed. We will continue to combat the underlying racism of the prohibition (see the article on Prospect Cove below in the newsletter).

• MHC's Executive Director Cathy Hinko will be co-teaching a graduate level course at the University of Louisville School of Urban and Public Affairs starting January. It is on fair and affordable housing and the role of policy and planning.

• LG&E has started the processes to lessen Demand Side Management (energy conservation) programs while at the same time initiating a cost of an almost $400 million project to be paid for by utility customers. The new project is Advanced Metering, and you can read more about it in our next newsletter.

• MHC wrote an essay that will be included in a Louisville Urban League publication among many other essays they requested by Louisvillians on all aspects of life in Louisville.

• MHC will launch our public service announcements on fair housing done by teens. You can see them now at our YouTube channel http://goo.gl/EHHHML. The launch will be in partnership with TARC, where we will be advertising the PSAs in buses. Thank you TARC!

• MHC continues our work in distributing lead paint tester kits to families in older housing. We have handed out over 2,000 kits thus far!

• MHC will, through a grant by the Louisville Bar Foundation, create a rental readiness program for Louisville Metro that will be online and have written materials. This supports our work to value renters as they grow in numbers in our metro area (see the 2017 State of Metropolitan Housing Report).

Prospect Cove
by Cathy Hinko

There is a proposal to use Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) to build a 198 unit apartment development in District 16, which includes Prospect, for seniors (those over 55). Although the apartments would not be located in Prospect, the government of Prospect opposed this
development, and the comments of Prospect Mayor John Evans show that racial hatred is the motivating factor.

The Metropolitan Housing Coalition rarely involves itself in individual zoning cases, but in this instance a government, other than Louisville, has directed resources to thwart the inclusion of affordable housing for seniors within the Louisville city limits. So we have been involved in this case throughout the hearings. In the interest of transparency, there is a member of the MHC board who is with the developer LDG, but he has not taken part in any board discussions on this case.

If you recall, MHC's 2016 SMHR focused on housing for people living with disabilities and our aging population. There has been, and will continue to be, a huge growth in the percentage of people over the age of 65, and you can see this difference just between 2010 and 2014 in Figure 1 and Figure 2A, with an even more intense increase projected after. We need housing for seniors. We need housing for seniors that is affordable and that is located throughout all of Jefferson County.

**Figure 1: Percentage of Louisville MSA Population in 2014**

![Percentage of Louisville MSA Population in 2014](image)
The Louisville district in which the proposed senior housing will be constructed (District 16) has the highest percentage of people over the age of 65. It also has the lowest percentage of people over the age of sixty five with a disability and the lowest percentages of units that are public housing, Section 8 or Low Income Tax Credit funded. District 16 is less than 4% black, in a county that is 21% black.

I attended the full two hearings by the Planning Commission on whether to grant zoning amendments to allow this. An inordinate amount of time was spent on the people who would move in rather than the proper zoning considerations. I heard coded language that should alarm all of us. While the Planning Commission approved the development and zoning changes, Louisville Metro Council did not. Mayor Fischer does not have veto power in a zoning case, but he refused to endorse the Council's decision to continue segregation.

The racial animus and terroristic language of Mayor Evans- AFTER the Council voted to refuse to allow lower income seniors in District 16- proves the real reason for opposition. Mayor Evans wrote, "Mayor Fischer's letter simply confirms his plan to relocate thousands of folks from downtown to Prospect and throughout other neighborhoods in Jefferson County".

Mayor Evans quoted a statement by Mayor Fischer that "the need to build affordable dwellings at scattered locations has increased in the past 20 years or so since the municipal housing agency has dismantled several large bleak housing complexes in the inner city- including Clarksdale, Cotter-Lang, Sheppard Square and soon Beecher Terrace and RELOCATED THEIR THOUSANDS OF RESIDENTS" (emphasis added by Mayor Evans clearly for the purpose of creating fear). Note that Mayor Evans deliberately chose to focus on areas that were very segregated and overwhelmingly black. He, very carefully, did not cite areas that were poor and white.
The sad fact is that the razing of the large public housing complexes has not resulted in thousands being moved to other areas, but a reconcentration by race and economics. The sad fact is that only 1,634 units have been created in Jefferson County using Low Income Housing Tax Credits in the last TEN YEARS. The sad fact is the 46% of renter households with seniors that are rent burdened. The sad fact is that there were 5,780 JCPS students who experienced being homeless in the 2016-2017 school year.

Find out how your Council Member voted and whether they stand behind Mayor Evans’ summary of the reasons Prospect opposes housing lower income seniors on land not in Prospect.

**Louisville Metro Human Relations Commission currently completing development of the Fair Housing Assessment Instrument**

*by Kendall Boyd, LMHRC Executive Director*

The Louisville Metro Human Relations Commission is pleased to announce that it is currently completing the development of the *Fair Housing Assessment Instrument*. This assessment instrument will serve as a guide for various Louisville Metro Departments. It will serve as a mandatory lens for review of all actions by all parts of government when developing policies, initiatives, programs, or budget issues that will impact housing or housing choice in any manner.

This assessment instrument will be a step-by-step process, which will be guided by key questions, and will conclude with communicating process results and supporting Louisville Metro Government with its commitment to Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing.

This instrument is extremely important, because Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing is a legal requirement that federal grantees must fulfill to further the purposes of the federal Fair Housing Act. For too many people, housing choices can be constrained through housing discrimination, the operation of housing markets, investment choices by holders of capital, the history and geography of regions, patterns of
development and the built environment. These factors and others can result in segregation, racially concentrated areas of poverty, and unequal access to vital community assets that can shape life outcomes, which Louisville Metro Government is committed to eradicating.

The *Fair Housing Assessment Instrument* is expected to be in full use by early 2018.

**MHC has its own YouTube Channel!**

MHC has created a YouTube channel to share our Public Service Announcement videos done with teen volunteers (as discussed in previous newsletters). To look at all of the videos visit:  
[http://goo.gl/EHHHML](http://goo.gl/EHHHML)

Click the video below to watch one of the PSA's!

![MHC PSA - Racial Discrimination Scenario](image)

**Earn money for MHC just by shopping Kroger**

Have a Kroger card in your wallet or keychain?  
Then you're almost ready to help support MHC!  
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**Here's how to get started or re-enroll:**  
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If you already HAVE a Kroger.com account:  
1) At the top of the main webpage, find & click on "Community" on the top right of the screen, just below the "Sign In" box.  
2) On the the Community page, click on "Kroger Community Rewards". This will take you to the Community Rewards page.  
3) At the bottom of the Kroger Community Rewards page, you will see a box for "ENROLL NOW". Click on the box.  
4) On the next page, you can find MHC by typing our name, "Metropolitan Housing Coalition", in the search box.  
5) When Metropolitan Housing Coalition appears on the list, select us by clicking the circle next to our name. Then click "Save".  
6) Confirm that MHC is selected as your Community Rewards organization by checking your account profile.
That's it! Now every time you shop and use your Kroger Plus card, you'll be earning rewards for MHC.

*If you DO NOT have a Kroger.com account*, click the "Register" button at the top right of Kroger.com. Simply follow the instructions on the website to set up your account & then follow the above instructions.

Want to get involved but need more knowledge on the issues?

**MHC will come to you!**

We're happy to present on the issues and our work to your group, whatever the size and wherever the location.

Contact MHC at (502) 584-6858 or michael@metropolitanhousing.org to find out how you and your organization can learn more and get active.